

A survey was completed September 2, 2019 for five fields to be used for a field trial event. Fields are comprised of native grasses associated with a mixed grass prairie, introduced grass such as smooth brome, forbs, and trees. Scouting was done to identify areas with plants that could pose a threat to dogs. The plants of concern are listed on the "Bad" Grass list found on meanseeds.com. During the scouting process, the perimeter of each field was scouted, then divided into grids. Each grid was then scouted in a zig-zag pattern to cover as much area as possible. A map of each field is included in this report.

Canada wild rye (*Elymus canadensis*) was found in two fields in low densities, and the areas are marked on the map with a red X and a red line. A few plants were also found in the ditch along the north east corner of another field.

Field 1 has two small areas with Canada wild rye. Both areas marked on the map contain less than 25 plants in an area approximately 100 square feet.

Field 3 has two areas towards the north end of the field with approximately 20 plants of Canada wild rye. Additionally, several species of rye, including Canada wild rye, was found on both sides of the creek in the middle of the field. The pressure is light with scattered plants, and the majority of the plants were found within approximately 100 feet of either side of the creek.

Field 4 has one small area in the ditch outside of the north east boundary of the field with several plants of Canada wild rye.

Fields 1, 3, and 5 have small areas with low densities of downy brome and cheatgrass. The areas in field 1 are along the east ditch and south edge. Field 3 has light pressure scattered throughout the field. Field 5 has one area in the north west corner. However, the plants matured several months ago, and as a result, the seed heads are nearly all shattered. The few remaining seed heads are decomposing and only partial pieces exist. When touched, the heads crumbled because of the decomposition.

Survey and report completed by Camron Nisly, Agronomist.

Camron Nisly attended Oklahoma Panhandle State University to pursue a degree in Agronomy. During the last three years of the degree, Camron worked for an independent consultant in the Texas and Oklahoma panhandles. After graduating with a B.S. in agronomy, Camron attended graduate school at Oklahoma State University, and worked for OSU full time as a research technician. Camron graduated from Oklahoma State University with an M.S. in Plant and Soil Sciences and works as an agronomist for a coop in the Wichita, Kansas area, where he has been for the last three years. While attending school Camron also inspected certified seed wheat fields in Oklahoma, Texas, and New Mexico, and was a member of the OPSU crops judging team. The judging team competed at local contests and placed in the top five overall at the national contest in Modesto, CA.

*The provider of the survey cannot guarantee that any of the weeds that could be harmful to dogs are not present in any of the fields at the time of the event and will not be held liable for possible issues during the event.



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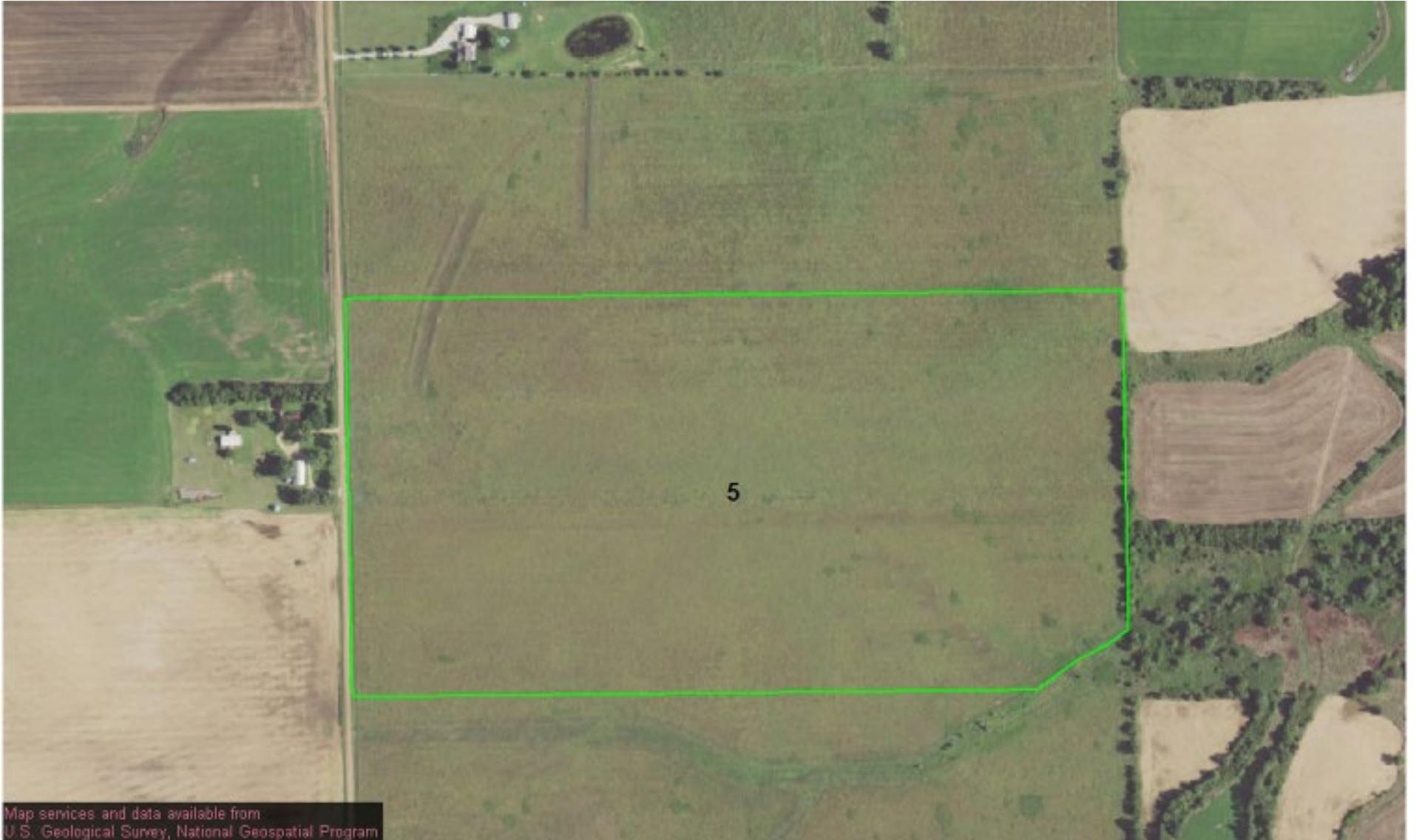
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